2023 HIV/AIDS FACT SHEET

1. The following data for the tri-county area is HIV/AIDS prevalence through December 31, 2020, reported by the S.C. Department of Health and Environmental Control HIV/AIDS and AIDS Cases and Rates, State, County, and Public Health Region Report 2020 Data (Pgs. 25, 87, 91).

COUNTY	HIV/AIDS CASES 2018	HIV/AIDS CASES 2019	HIV/AIDS CASES 2020
Spartanburg	641	850	844
Cherokee	83	109	111
Union	101	72	73

2. South Carolina ranks 11th in the nation for AIDS case rates. (SC DHEC HIV/AIDS Epi Profile, 2022, page 13)

3. In South Carolina African Americans comprise 65% of the total number of people living with HIV, while representing only 27% of the state's population. (SC DHEC HIV/AIDS Epi Profile, 2022, page 15)

4. In South Carolina, approximately 20,000 men and women are estimated to be living with HIV/AIDS. (SC DHEC HIV/AIDS Epi Profile, 2022, page 13)

5. In 2020, approximately 30,000 received an HIV diagnosis in the U.S. and dependent areas. (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>, October, 2022)

6. In the U.S. an estimated 13% of people with HIV do not know they have the virus. (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>, June, 2022)

7. People ages 13 to 24 accounted for 20% of all new HIV diagnoses in the U.S in 2020. (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>, October, 2022)

8. In 2019, Black women accounted for 55% of all new HIV diagnoses among women in the U.S, white women accounted for 22% and Latinas accounted for 18%. (www.kff.org, June 2021)

9. The South accounted for about half (51%) of all new HIV diagnoses in 2020. (www.cdc.gov, October 2022)

10. The CDC recommends everyone in the U.S. between the ages of 13-64 get tested for HIV at least once as part of routine health care, as well as repeat screenings for those at higher risk. (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>, June, 2022)

11. Latex condoms, when used consistently and correctly, are highly effective in preventing the sexual transmission of HIV. (<u>www.cdc.gov</u>, February, 2022)

12. In 2017, HIV was the 7th leading cause of death for Black women ages 25-44 (<u>www.kff.org</u>, March 2020).

13. Between 2020 and 2021, people aged 20-29 comprised the largest proportion of newly diagnosed HIV/AIDS cases in S.C. (SC DHEC HIV/AIDS Epi Profile, 2022, page 17).